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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/728,060	12/04/2003	Kelly Tidwell	5983P002	7669
8791 RLAKFLY SC	7590 05/25/200° OKOLOFF TAYLOR &	EXAMINER		
12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD SEVENTH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030			KIM, SUN U	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		1723	
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			05/25/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	10/728,060	TIDWELL, KELLY				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	John Kim	1723				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Cl after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatio - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IG DATE OF THIS COMMUN FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. The reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 May 2007.					
	, _					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		·				
4) Claim(s) 41-62 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 41-62 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	ndrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 December 2003</u> Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	is/are: a) accepted or b) or the drawing(s) be held in abeya correction is required if the drawing	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94t Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/18/07. 		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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1. This Office Action is in response to the Amendment filed on February 28, 2007.

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- 2. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a) because they fail to show the central region "68" as described in the specification (see page 7, line 12). Any structural detail that is essential for a proper understanding of the disclosed invention should be shown in the drawing. MPEP § 608.02(d). Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner. the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.
- 3. Claims 49 and 59 are objected to because of the following informalities: "said can housing" on line 2 of claims 49 and 59 should be corrected to "said can like housing".

 Appropriate correction is required.
- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 5. Claims 41, 51, 53 and 61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claims 41 and 53 are indefinite for failing to particularly point out that each inlet positioned substantially over the upper cup like member and a filter element rather than the entire filter. Recitation of "said filter" in claims 41 and 53 only provides an antecedent basis for a whole reusable filter and not a filter element. Recitation of "the first opening" in claims 51 and 61 lacks a positive antecedent basis.
- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 41-42, 45-46, 53 and 56-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,569,373) in view of Hultgren (U.S. Patent No. 3,315,809). Regarding Claims 41-42 and 53, Smith et al disclose a reusable oil filter comprising a can like housing (10) having a closed bottom and an inside surface with internal threads (108), a filter cartridge having an upper and lower filter rings (65, 67) and a woven metal mesh filter element (64, 66), and a cap (14) having an internally threaded central hub (54) and at least two oil distribution channels (46) having an inlet and an outlet, each inlet positioned substantially over the upper filter ring (65, 67) and filter cap (82), each outlet positioned outside the upper filter ring (65, 67) and filter cap (82), each oil distribution channel (46) extending continuously downwardly and radially outwardly to distribute oil to the inside surface of the can like housing (10), the cap (14) threadably connected to the can like housing (10) to clamp the filter cartridge

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between the cap (14) and the closed bottom (see figure 2; col. 3, line 41 - col. 6, line 54).

However, Smith et al do not teach the filter cartridge having an upper cup like member and a lower cup like member. Hultgren teaches an oil filter comprising a filter cartridge comprising filter element sealed off by incaps (40, 42) i.e. an upper cup like member and a lower cup like member (see figure 1; col. 3, lines 22-29). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the filter cartridge of Smith et al to incorporate incaps to maintain the filter element in a seated position in the filter housing as suggested by Hultgren (see col. 3, lines 25-29).

Regarding Claims 45 and 56, Smith et al teach a seal ring (38.1) positioned outside the inlets (46) (see figure 2; col. 3, lines 41-51).

Regarding claim 46 and 57, Smith et al teach an O-ring seal (57) between the cap (14) and the filter cap member (72) (see figure 2; col. 4, lines 16-26).

Regarding Claims 48 and 58, Smith et al teach an O-ring seal (60) between the cap (14) and the can like housing (10) (see figure 2; col. 4, lines 28-34).

Regarding Claims 49 and 59, Smith et al teach a raised center section (88) on the closed bottom of the can like housing (10) (see figure 2).

Regarding claims 50 and 60, Smith et al teach a bypass valve (86) being clamped between the filter cartridge and the closed bottom (see figure 2; col. 5, line 66 – col. 7, line 33).

Regarding claims 51 and 61, Smith et al teach an internally and externally threaded insert fitting (16) (see figure 2; col. 3, lines 6-57).

Regarding claims 52 and 62, Smith et al teach openings (46) collectively occupying most of an opening area and distributed around the internally threaded central hub (54) (see figures 2,

4; col. 3, line 59 – col. 4, line 14). Smith et al do not teach the annular arc segment openings. Hultgren teaches an oil filter comprising arc segment shaped openings providing restriction of oil to an absolute minimum (Col. 4, lines 3-33). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the shape of the openings of Smith et al with the annular arc segment openings to minimize restriction of oil flow as suggested by Hultgren (Col. 4, lines 24-33).

8. Claims 43 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al in view of Hultgren as applied to Claims 42 and 53 above, and further in view of Cox (U.S. Patent No. 5,888,383).

Regarding Claims 43 and 55, Smith et al teaches a woven metal mesh filter but does not teach a pleated filter. Cox teaches an oil filter comprising a pleated wire mesh filter (30) (see figure 3; col. 5, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the tubular woven wire mesh filter element of Smith et al in view of Hultgren with known pleated woven metal filter element of Cox because the configuration of the filter element is a matter of choice which a person of ordinary skill in the art would have found obvious absent persuasive evidence that the particular configuration of the claimed filter is significant. See In re Dailey, 357 F.2d 669, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1966) and MPEP 2144.04 IV. B.

9. Claims 44 and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al in view of Hultgren as applied to Claims 42 and 53 above, and further in view of Deibel et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,221,242 B1).

Regarding Claims 44 and 54, Smith et al in view of Hultgren does not disclose the material of the filter element. Deibel et al teach a stainless steel woven metal filter element (Col. 6, Lines 34-37). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the

tubular woven wire mesh filter element of Smith et al in view of Hultgren with known stainless steel tubular woven metal filter element of Deibel et al because they are reusable oil filters and because it is a material of manufacture common in the filter art.

10. Claim 47 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al in view of Hultgren as applied to Claim 42 above, and further in view of Tettman et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,679,244).

Regarding claim 47, Smith et al teach that a seal is formed between the lower filter ring (65, 67) and a shoulder (92) of the support plate (88) from a closed bottom (see col. 5, line 66 – col. 6, line 10) but does not disclose an O-ring seal between the lower cup like member and the closed bottom. Tettman et al teach an oil filter comprising an O-ring (Fig. 4, #44) at the end of the filter element against a bottom surface of the can-like body. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the reusable filter of Smith et al in view of Hultgren with provision of an O-ring at the other end of the filter element against a bottom surface of the can-like body in order to prevent liquid from traveling through the housing without passing through the filter media as suggested by Tettman et al (Col. 2, Lines 58-60).

11. Claims 42-43, 45-46, 48-49 and 51-52 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate of claims 53, 55-59 and 61-62 respectively. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

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12. The declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 filed 2/23/07 is sufficient to overcome the rejection

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of claims 8, 10-15, 17, 19, 22-25, 27, 30, 33-34 and 37-38 based upon Cox in view of Faria and

Hultgren.

13. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 41-62 have been considered but are moot in

view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Smith et al in view of Hultgren, Cox and Deibel et al

teach the claimed invention.

14. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this

Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-1142. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7 a.m. - 3:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Griffin can be reached on 571-272-1189. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

> **Primary Examiner** Art Unit 1723

JK 5/23/07